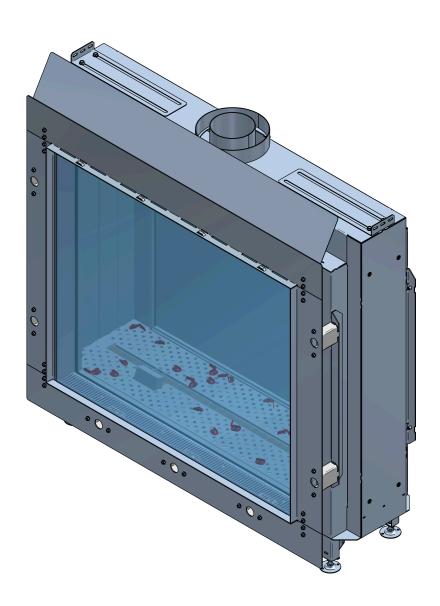
Aerion Range

Quadro 800 Glass Fronted

SPECIFICATION SHEET



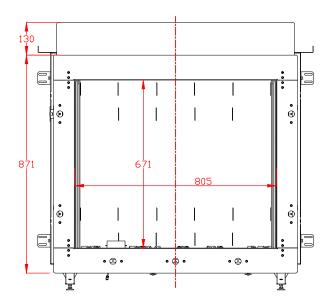
Version 3.2 07/12/22 Contents of manual may be updated without notice. For the latest version of this manual please refer to our website: www.livingfire.com.au

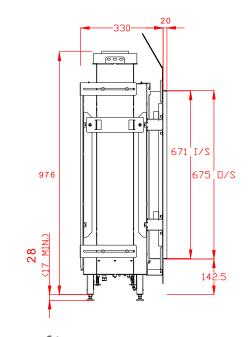
PAUL AGNEW

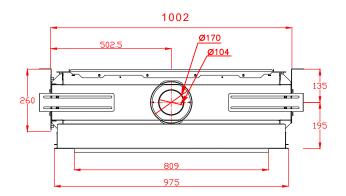
DESIGNS

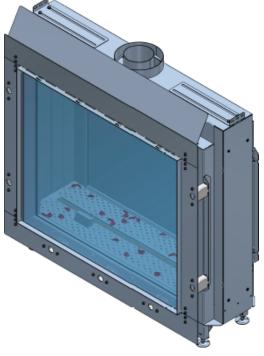
APPLIANCE DIMENSIONS

Product Code: G800 GF









Note:

The lip around unit is 20mm thick.

CONVECTION HEAT

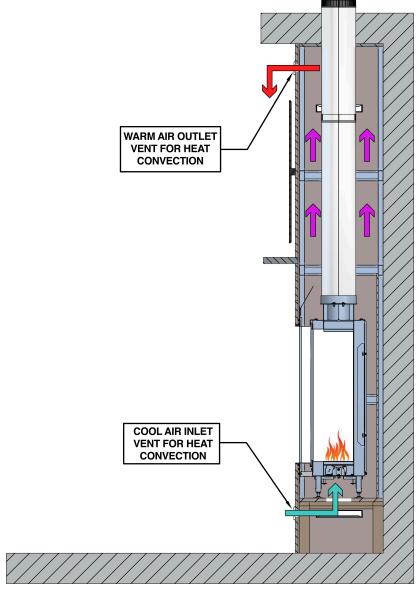


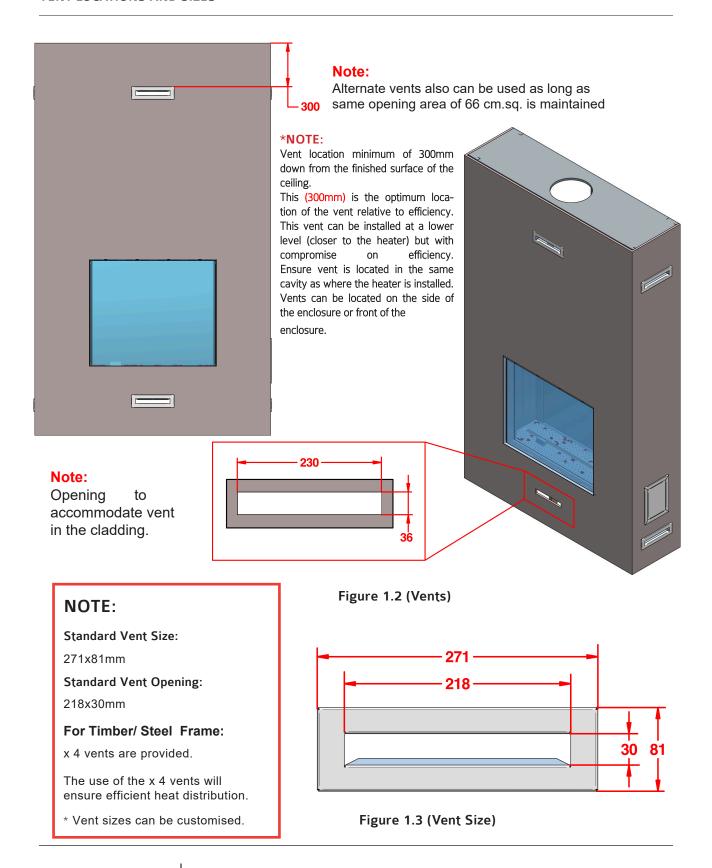
Figure 1.1 (Convection heat through vents)

Overall Design:

- One of the many features of the Paul Agnew Designs gas fireplaces is its use of convective air flow.
- As the air within the enclosing walls, or chase, is warmed by the fireplace it rises and then exits the convection air outlets. The warm air in the chase is then replaced by room air which enters through the room air inlets which are situated at the bottom of the enclosure. As this warm air cool, it falls toward the floor where it's drawn into the inlet and the cycle repeats.
- The room air inlets are part of the fireplace and cannot be blocked.
- As seen in the next page, the outlets may be placed in a number of locations to accommodate different struc-tures/designs. In all cases, the design must allow for free flow air through the chase/enclosure.

2.

VENT LOCATIONS AND SIZES



UNIT TO TV CLEARANCES & COMBUSTIBLE MANTLE

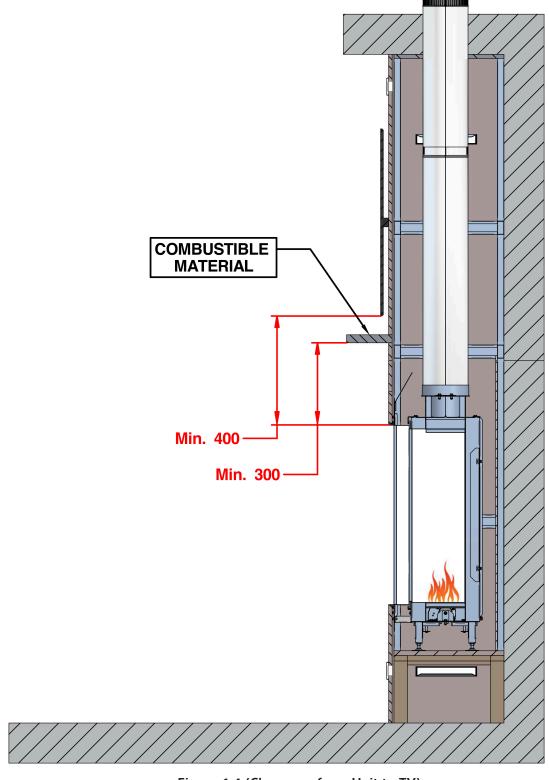
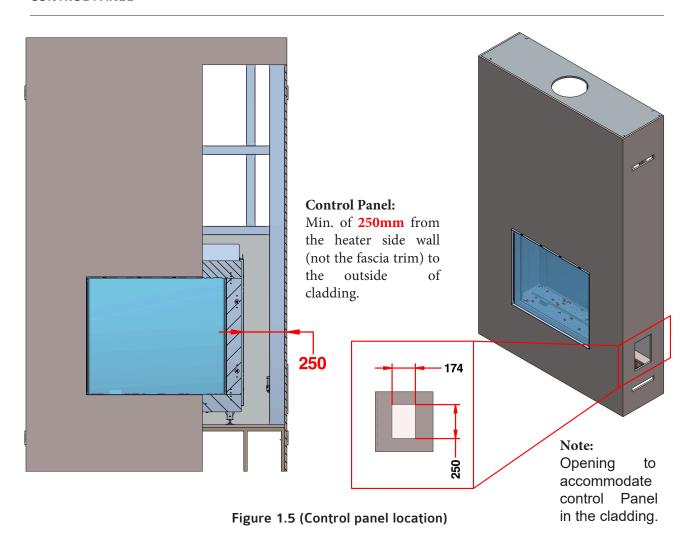
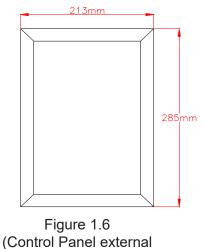


Figure 1.4 (Clearance from Unit to TV)

CONTROL PANEL





Control Box Installation:

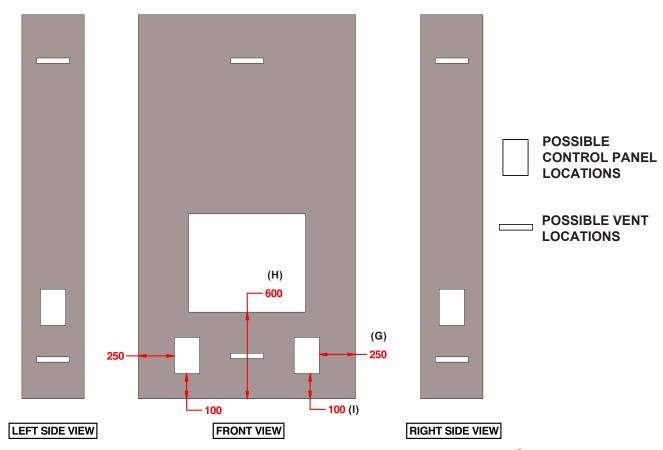
Timber/ Metal Installation:

Heater stands on support legs that sit on framing/floor which provide sufficient clearance for airflow. If unit is mounted floor, control on panel can only be located to the side with the minimum clearance of 250mm to the side. underneath the unit, base will need to desired height for the unit but also allowing the control box to be located underneath. Please refer to dimensions of each unit.

Dimension)

CONTROL PANEL & VENT POSITION

POSSIBLE LOCATION OF CONTROL PANEL AND VENTS



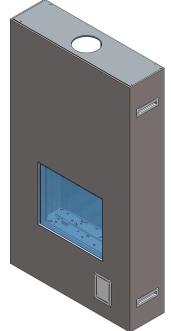
CLEARANCE DETAILS

- **G** Minimum clearance between panel opening to side of the cladding (250mm)
- **H** Minimum height between floor level to Heater front window lip (600mm)
- I Minimum clearance between floor level to panel (100mm)

Note:

G, H &I dimension is only applicable if the control panel is installed directly below the appliance.

Please refer Pg.5 if the control panel is installed to the side of the cavity.



TIMBER FRAMING - CLADDING MATERIAL

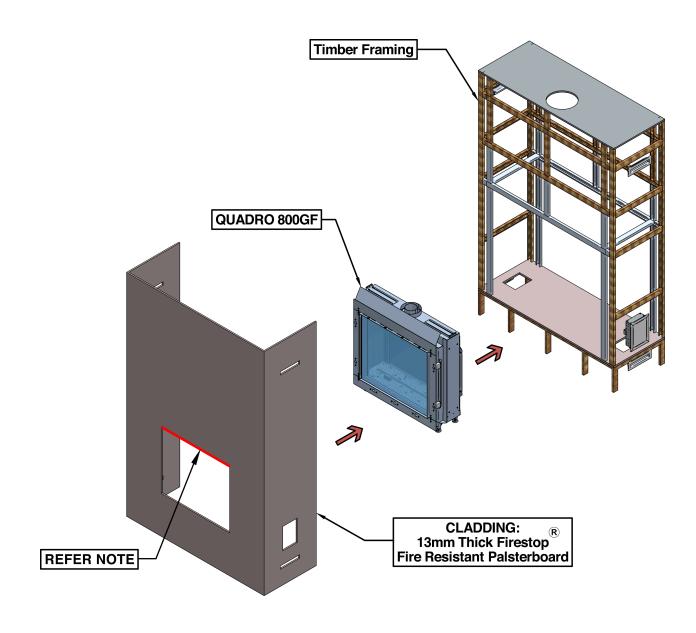


Figure 1.6 (Cladding Material)

Note:

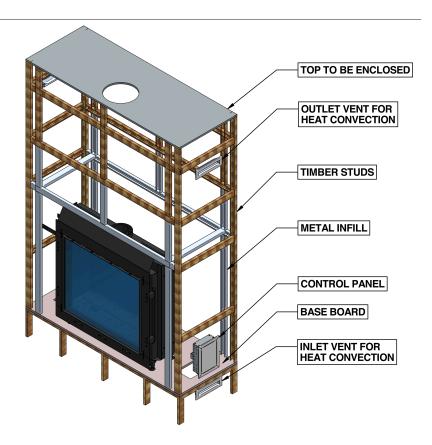
A gap of 5mm needs to be left between the plasterboard and the top part of the firebox. 9mm Villa Board can be used as an alternative approved cladding material.

TIMBER FRAME

Timber framing part details which includes control panel (x1), vent (x4), base board, metal infill around heater unit and timber studs.

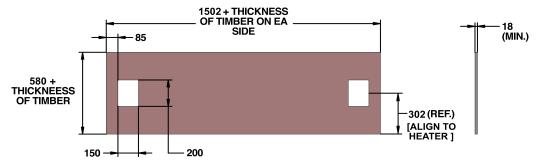
Cladding need to be build around the frame having the heater unit inside the cavity of the timber frame.

Please refer to Pg. for specification to build the dimensions timber frame, of minimum specified are requirements.



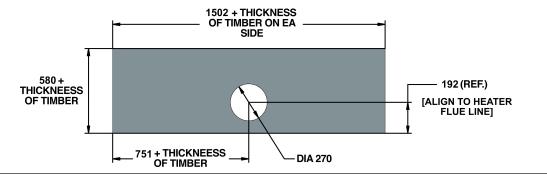
BASE BOARD:

Base board need to have minimum opening of 200x150mm on each side as specified, with minimum thickness of 18mm.



TOP ENCLOSURE:

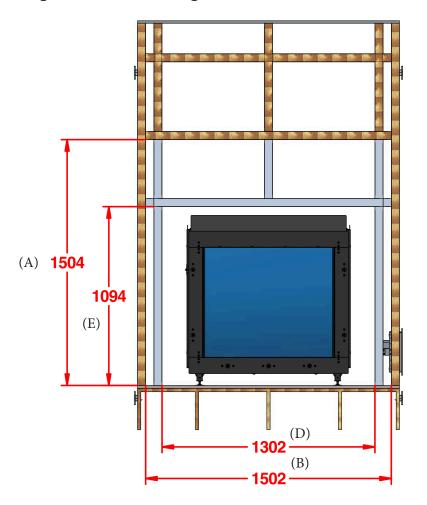
Top enclosure need to have opening of diameter 270mm in alignment for flue line as specified.

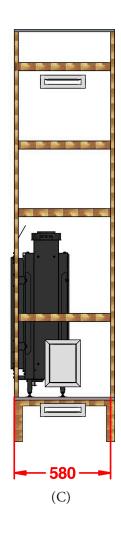


PAUL AGNEW DESIGNS

TIMBER FRAME

Figure 1.8 (Timber framing)





CLEARANCE TO COMBUSTIBLES

Fireplace Dimensions			Timber Frame			Metal Studs Infills to be in-stalled after Unit is in place (Clearance between unit and metal stud infill)		Option for smaller depth clearance: Metal Studs fixed to rear combustible wall. 25mm Steel Battens fixed to combustible wall +6mm Villa Board + 50mm air gap to unit	
	In mm		Clearance to	Combustib	les in mm		lation ns in mm		
			Unit Height +500mm top	Unit Width +250mm each side	Unit Depth +250mm to back	Unit Width +150mm either side	Unit Height +90mm top	Unit Depth + 81mm	
Н	W	D	Α	В	С	D	Е	C*	
1004	1002	330	1504	1502	580	1302	1094	411	

Note:

Please refer to Pg. 3 for specifications regarding Vents and pg. 5 for Control Panel specifications. C* Please refer to Pg. 11 for pictorial representation and specifications.

METAL FRAMING - CLADDING MATERIAL

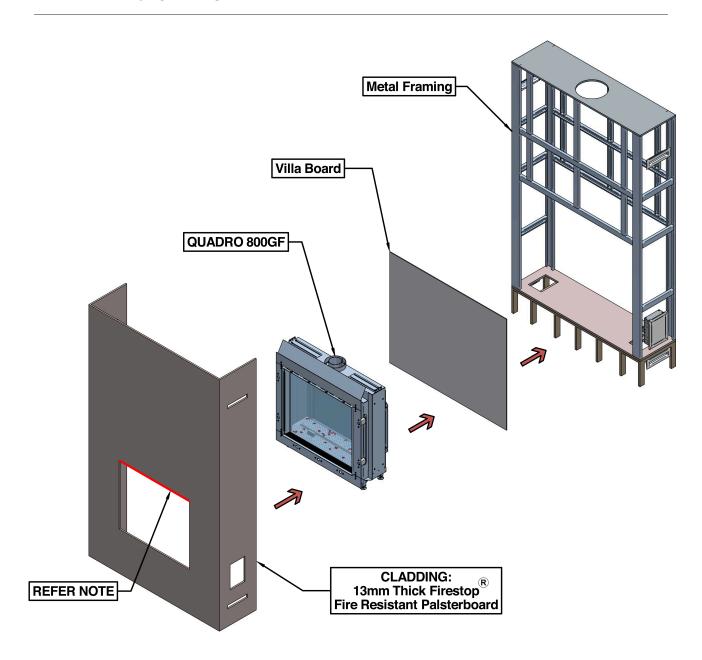


Figure 1.7 (Cladding Material)

Villa Board:

6mm Thick villa board of minimum spec of 1302 x 1094 (ref. only) to be secured to the metal batten rear to heater unit.

Note

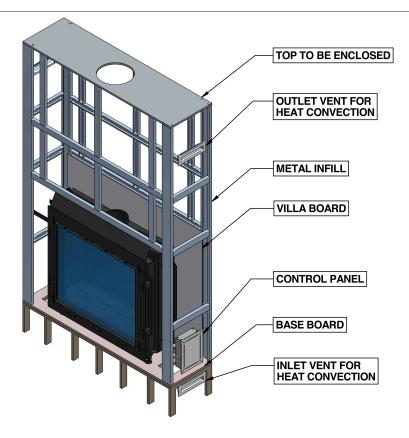
A gap of 5mm needs to be left between the plasterboard and the top part of the firebox. 9mm Villa Board can be used as an alternative approved cladding material.

METAL FRAME

Metal framing part details; which includes control panel (x1), vent (x4), base board, villa board to back of the heater unit and metal infills.

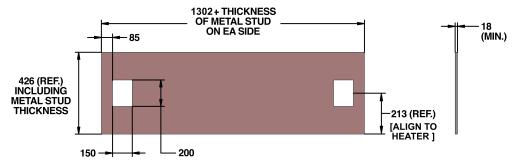
Cladding need to be build around the frame having the heater unit inside the cavity of the metal frame.

refer Pg. 12 Please to for build the specification to metal frame, dimensions specified are of minimum requirements.



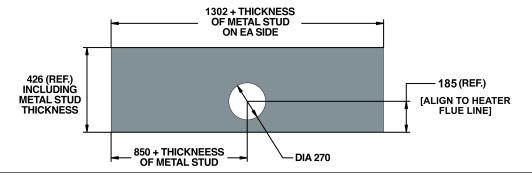
BASE BOARD:

Base board need to have minimum opening of 200x150mm on each side as specified, with minimum thickness of 18mm.



TOP ENCLOSURE:

Top enclosure need to have opening of diameter 270mm in alignment for flue line as specified.

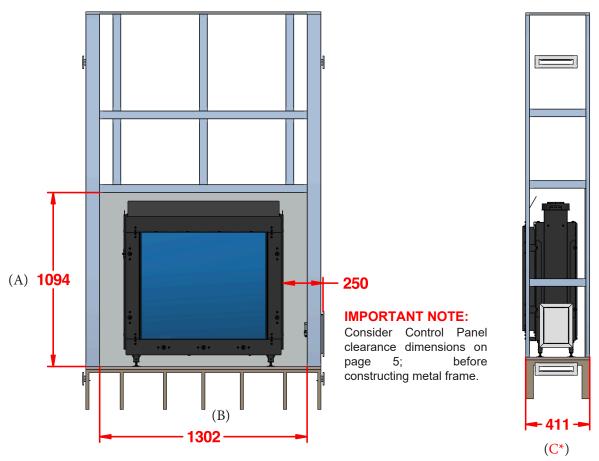


PAUL AGNEW

DESIGNS

METAL FRAME

Figure 1.8 (Metal framing)



CLEARANCE TO COMBUSTIBLES

Fireplace Dimensions			Metal Stud Frame FOR METAL STUD FRAME, UNIT MUST BE IN PLACE					
In mm			Clearance to the inside of the metal stud					
			Unit Height +90mm top	Unit Width +150mm either side to internal side of metal stud	Depth Clearance Metal Studs fixed to rear combustible wall. 25mm Steel Battens fixed to combustible wall +6mm Villa Board +50mm air gap to unit			
Н	W	D	А	В	C*			
1004	1002	330	1094	1302	411			

Important:

Unit needs to be in place while building into metal studs. Otherwise the measurements must be bigger. The clearances to combustibles is 500mm to the top of the unit and 250mm on either side.

Note:

Please refer to Pg. 2 for specifications regarding Vents and pg. 4 for Control Panel specifications.

REGULATORY COWL LOCATIONS

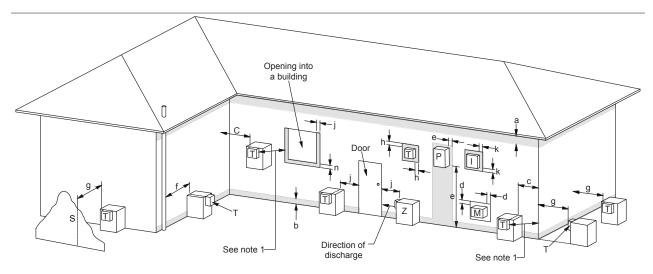


Figure 2.0 (Location of flue terminals of balanced flue, room-sealed, fan-assisted or outdoor appliances)

Ref.	ltem	Minimum clearances mm							
Kei.	iteili	Natural draught	Fan assisted						
	Below eaves, balconies and other projections:								
а	For appliances up to 50MJ/h input	300	200						
	For appliances over 50MJ/h input	500	300						
b	From the ground, above a balcony or other surface*	300	300						
С	From a return wall or external cober*	500	300						
d	From a gas meter (M) (see Note 5) (see Clause 5.11.5.9 for vent terminal location of regulator) (see Table 6.7 for New Zealand requirements)	1000	1000						
е	From an electricity meter or fuse box (P)• (see Note 5)	500	500						
f	From a drain pipe or soil pipe	150	75						
g	Horizontally from any building structure* or obstruction facing a terminal	500	500						
h	From any other flue terminal, cowl, or combustion air intake*	500	300						
	Horizontally from an openable window, door, non-mechanical air inlet, or any other opening inot a building with exception of sub-floor ventilation:								
	Appliances up to 150 MJ/h input*	500	300						
j	Appliances over 150 MJ/h input up to 200 MJ/h input*	1500	300						
	Appliances over 200 MJ/h input up to 250 MJ/h input*	1500	500						
	Appliances over 250 MJ/h input*	1500	1500						
	All fan-assisted appliances, in the direction of discharge	-	1500						
k	From a mechanical air inlet, including a spa blower	1500	1500						
	Vertically below an openable window, non-mechanical air inlet, or any other opening inot a building with the exception of sub-floor ventilation:								
	For space heaters up to 50 MJ/h input	150	150						
n	For other appliances up to 50 MJ/h input	500	500						
	For appliances over 50 MJ/h input and up to 150MJ/h input	1000	1000						
	For appliances over 150 Mj/h input	1500	1500						

Legend:

I = Mechanical air inlet

M = Gas meter

P = Electricity meter or fuse box

S = Structure

T = Flue terminal

= Fan-assisted appliance only

Shading indicates prohibited area for flue ter-

Notes:

1) Where dimensions c, j, k cannot be acheived an equivalent horizontal distance measured diagonally from the nearest discharge point of the terminal to the opening may be deemed by the Technical Regulator to comply.

2) See Clause 6.9.4 for restrictions on a flue terminal under a covered area.

3) See Figure J3 (from AS/NZS 5601) for minimum clearances required from a flue terminal to an LPG Gas cylinder. A flue terminal is considered to be a source of ignition.

4) For minimum clearances not addressed above acceptance should be obtained from the Technical

5) Minimum clearances d and e also apply to any combustion air intake openings of appliances.

^{*} Unless appliance is certified for closer installation

[•] Prohibited area below electricity meter or fuse box extends to ground level